FINAL REPORT

A Survey of the Freshwater Mussel Fauna at the Proposed Upgrade of a Water Intake Facility on the Rivanna River off U.S. Route 618,

Fluvanna County, Virginia

Prepared by

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24061-0321

For

Lake Monticello Service Company c/o Gilbert W. Clifford and Associates, Inc.

150C Olde Greenwich Drive

P.O. Box 781

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June 1995

SURVEY PROCEDURES

The reach of the Rivanna River at the proposed upgrade of a water intake facility off U.S. Route 618, Fluvanna County, Virginia was surveyed by myself (Matthew Winston) and an assistant (Mary Winston). On June 5-6, 1995, the stream reach beginning 450 m downstream of the proposed upgrade and extending to 100 m upstream of the proposed upgrade was surveyed for freshwater mussels (see Figure 1). Survey procedures consisted of snorkeling the stream within the designated reach to collect and identify shells and live mussels. The stream banks and shallow areas were also checked for shells to help complete the list of mussel species. Due to the large size of the river, transects were surveyed rather than trying to survey the entire bottom of the river within the reach. Approximate locations of transects can be seen in Figure 2. When mussels were found, surveying was intensified within the immediate area. In general, mussels were pulled from the substrate, identified, and replaced in the exact location and orientation in which they were found. Mussels that could not be identified on the spot were taken to a nearby boat and compared to a dichotomous key and a reference collection of shells of species known to occur in the James River drainage. These mussels were then replaced into the substrate near where they were collected. I spent a total of 9.75 hours surveying for mussels (Surveying includes snorkling and identifying species). Mary Winston spent an equivalent amount of time recording data, searching the shoreline for shells, and guiding the boat.

At this site, the Fluvanna River averaged about 30 m wide. There were two large pools with depths over 1.75 m, two long runs with depths of 0.5 m to 1.25 m, and an extensive rock shelf with depths of 0.25 to 1.0 m (Figure 2). Substrate consisted of mud/silt in the pools, coarse sand and gravel in the runs, and bedrock in the shelf. Substrate was more silty along the southern bank. Towards the lower end of the designated reach, along the southern bank, substrate consisted of boulders and cobble covered with silt. The riparian zone looked intact, and no bank erosion was evident. Mussels in the substrate could be clearly seen from as far away as 50 cm (Turbidity was 8.5 NTU). Distances were determined by topographic map.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Four species of mussels were found in this reach of the Rivanna River: eastern elliptio (Elliptio complanata), northern lance (Elliptio fisheriana), squawfoot (Strophitus undulatus), and triangle floater (Alasmidonta undulata). No living or dead individuals of the federally endangered James spinymussel (Pleurobema collina) were found in this reach.

A particularly dense assemblage of mussels was found along the southern bank between 200 m and 450 m below the existing water intake structure. A total of 423 live mussels were found in this relatively small area, compared to 48 live mussels in the remainder of the designated reach. No mussels were found in the center or on the northern side of the river. Locations, counts of

live mussels, effort, substrate, depth, and relative water velocity are summarized in Table 1. Nine shells (dead mussels) were found: 4 eastern elliptio, 5 northern lance, and 1 squawfoot.

The area 200 m to 450 m downstream of the existing intake structure, along the south bank out to about 10 m from the bank, with boulder/cobble/silt substrate and relatively low water velocities, contains relatively high densities of mussels (Figure 2). Two deep pools and a rock shelf separate this mussel bed from the existing water intake structure. If the proposed upgrade for the water intake facility is located near to the present one, it should have little adverse impact on mussels in this section of the Rivanna River.

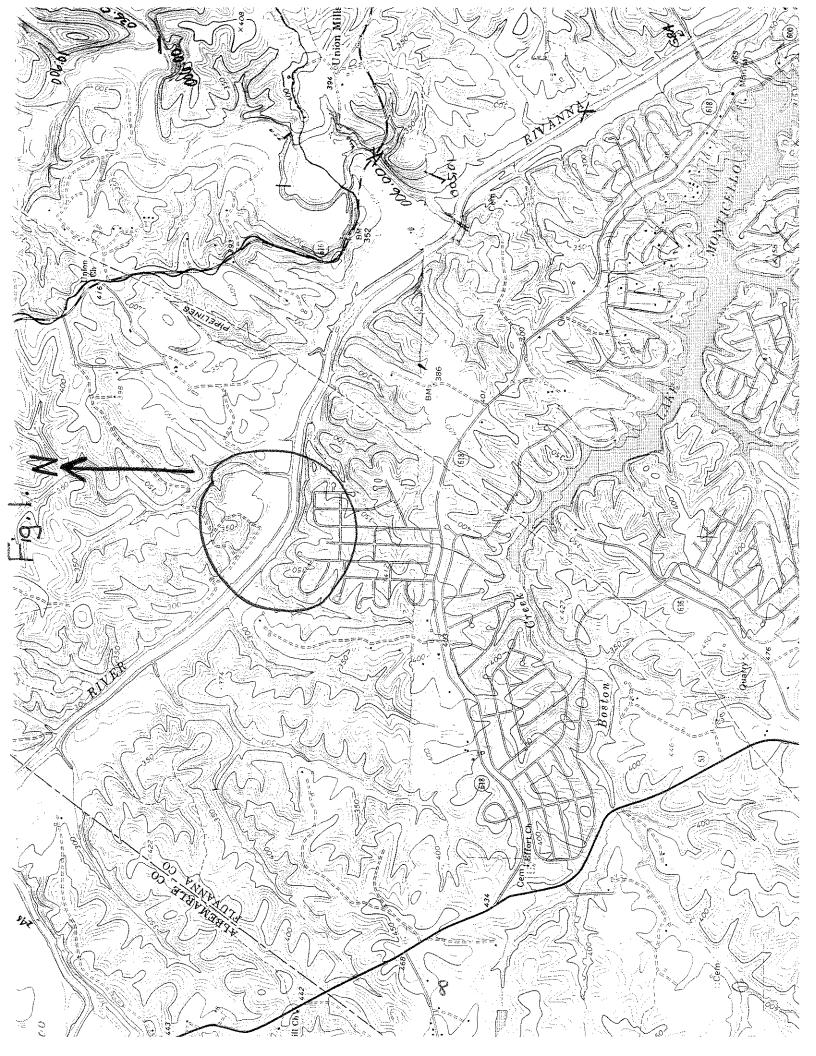
Table 1. Summary of Survey Findings.

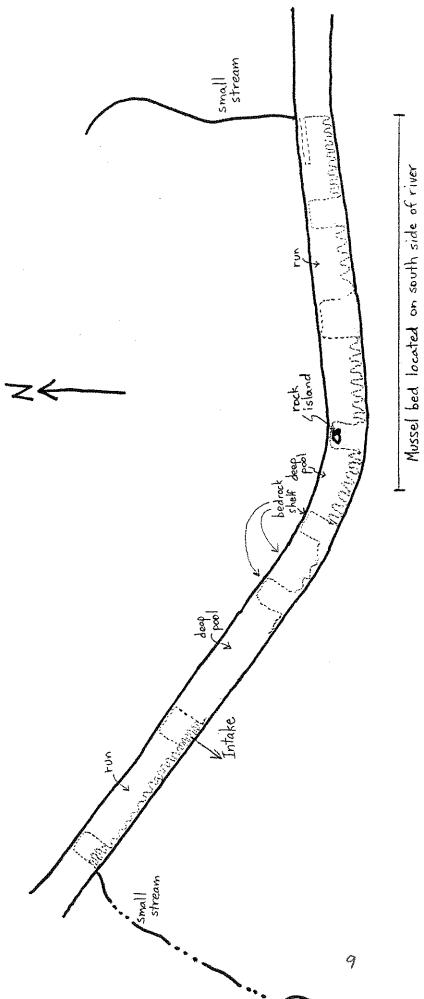
Location	Live Mussels Found	Effort	Substrate	Depth	Water Velocity
HOOHCE H		0 0			
Along north shore and in center of river	None	5 transects along shore; 7 transects across the river (see	Coarse sand and gravel	0.75 to 1.0 m	Higher
Along south shore out to 10 m from south shore	eastern elliptio - 307 northern lance - 107 squawfoot - 8 triangle floater - 1	Zig-zag transect along shore (see Figure 2)	Boulder and cobble covered with silt	0.5 to 1.25 m	Lower
0 m to 175 m low intake ructure outh side of ep pool)	n the n ce	45 min	Mud/silt	>1.75 m	Low

		I	J	ı	
	Higher	Lower	:	Mod	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	0.25 to 0.75 m	0.25 to	1.5 to >1.75 m		
	Coarse sand and gravel on top of bedrock	Silt on top of bedrock	'nq/	ilt on op of oulders nd cobble	
110 min total	2 transects along shore; 4 transects across the river	Zig-zag transect along shore	•	E O	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
	None	eastern elliptio - 12 northern lance - 4	Did not sear	eastern elliptio - northern lance -	
175 m to 100 m below intake structure (bedrock shelf)	Along north shore and in center of river	Along south shore	00 m to 10 m elow intake tructure deep pool)	0 m bel 0 m abo ntake s along s ide)	

	Higher	Lower	
	0.5 to 0.75 m	0.5 to 0.75 m	
	Coarse sand/ 0.5 to gravel on 0.75 m bedrock	silt/mud in some places; sand/gravel in others	
30 min total	2 transects along shore; 4 transects across the river	Zig-zag transect along shore	
	None	eastern elliptio - 11 northern lance - 1	
10 m to 100 m above intake structure (up to small stream)	Along north shore and in center of river	Along south shore	

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Mussel bed located on south side of river within 10m of south bank.

Latitude: 385705 Longitude: 782000

Boyd Tavern Quadrangle Rivanna River

----- = aprex. locations of transacts converteded Sem = 200 m

FIELD COLLECTION RECORD (MUSSELS)

	JECTION REC	LOIGO (MOS				
COLLECTORS Matt & Mary Wi	nston	C	OLLECTION	NO	MT-1	
DATE: DAY 5,6 MONTH JU						
SPECIFIC LOCALITY Rivanna &	iver, 10	Om abov	e to 450	m below.	the	
SPECIFIC LOCALITY Rivanna & Lake Monticello Wa	fer intak	e struct	ure. Lat	: 38°57′05	, 11	
Long: 78° 20' 00".				MP-000		
DRAINAGE James	QUADRANG	le <u>Boyd</u>	Tavern	···	~~~~~~	
COUNTY Fluvanna STATE VA	TOWN_	Lake M	Montice llo			
COMMENTS most live mussels	Round	200 m	to 450	m below		
water intake stru		on south	n side o	f river	9	man-hour
Species	Abundance		f Specimens Fresh Dead	Subfossil	4	A effort
	349	345	Presir Dead	340103311		
Elliptio complanata	130	125				
Elliptio fisheriana Strophitus undulatus	9	8				
Alasmidonta undulata	Therese, and	C) vicenses				
					1	

				
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Elliptio fisheriana	130	125	5	
Strophitus undulatus	9	8	Ž.	
Alasmidonta undulata	, in the second	CATALON SERVICES		
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June 9, 1995

Lake Monticello Service Company c/o Gilbert W. Clifford and Associates, Inc. 150C Olde Greenwich Drive P.O. Box 781 Fredericksburg, VA 22401

RE: Report

Dear Sirs:

Attached is the report for the survey undertaken to locate any living individuals of the federally endangered James spinymussel (<u>Pleurobema collina</u>) at the proposed water intake facility on the Rivanna River of U.S. Route 618, Fluvanna County. I have sent an identical report to Karen L. Mayne of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in White Marsh, Virginia.

As we agreed, my charge for this work is \$1000.00. Please make the check out in my name.

If you should have any questions, please contact me. My home phone is (703)552-1360. I am usually not available at my work phone, but I can return your call promptly.

I hope that I can be of service to you again in the future.

Sincerely,

Matthew R. Winston, Ph.D.
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Wildlife Sciences
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